

FORMULARIO DE ACIDOS Y BASES (PH/POH)

| Escala de pH | | | Kps | | | | |
|--------------|---------|--------|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| ácido | Neutral | básico | Ag_2CO_3 | $8,2 \cdot 12$ | CaF_2 | $1,7 \cdot 10$ | $\text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2$ |
| 0 | 3,5 | 7 | Ag_2CrO_4 | $1,9 \cdot 12$ | CaSO_4 | $2 \cdot 4$ | $4,5 \cdot 14$ |
| | | | AgBr | $5 \cdot 13$ | CdS | $3,6 \cdot 29$ | MnS |
| | | | $\text{AgC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2$ | $2,3 \cdot 3$ | CoS | $3 \cdot 26$ | $7 \cdot 16$ |
| | | | AgCl | $1,7 \cdot 10$ | Cu_2s | $2 \cdot 47$ | PbCl_2 |
| | | | AgCN | $1,6 \cdot 14$ | CuS | $8,5 \cdot 36$ | PbCrO_4 |
| | | | AgI | $8,5 \cdot 17$ | $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_2$ | $2 \cdot 15$ | $1,8 \cdot 14$ |
| | | | AgS | $2 \cdot 49$ | $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_3$ | $1,1 \cdot 36$ | $7 \cdot 27$ |
| | | | $\text{Al}(\text{OH})_3$ | $2 \cdot 33$ | FeC_2O_4 | $2,1 \cdot 7$ | PbSO_4 |
| | | | BaCO_3 | $8,1 \cdot 9$ | FeS | $3,7 \cdot 19$ | $5 \cdot 26$ |
| | | | BaCrO_4 | $2,4 \cdot 10$ | Hg_2Cl_2 | $2 \cdot 18$ | $\text{Sn}(\text{OH})_2$ |
| | | | BaF_2 | $1,7 \cdot 6$ | HgS | $1,6 \cdot 54$ | $\text{Zn}(\text{OH})_2$ |
| | | | BaSO_4 | $1,5 \cdot 9$ | $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$ | $1,2 \cdot 11$ | $4,5 \cdot 17$ |
| | | | CaCO_3 | $9 \cdot 9$ | MgC_2O_4 | $8,6 \cdot 5$ | ZnS |
| | | | | | | | |

Constantes de Ionización de algunos ácidos y bases débiles

Ácido Fuertes

| Ácido débil | Ionización | | Ka | pH = - Log (n [H _n XO]) |
|--------------------|---|--|-----------------------|---|
| Ácido cloroacético | $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_2\text{Cl} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{O}_2\text{Cl}^-$ | | $1,4 \times 10^{-5}$ | HCl HClO ₄ |
| Ácido fluorhidrico | $\text{HF} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{F}^-$ | | $6,5 \times 10^{-4}$ | HBr HIO ₄ |
| Ácido nitroso | $\text{HNO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{NO}_2^-$ | | $4,5 \times 10^{-1}$ | HI HNO ₃ |
| Ácido fórmico | $\text{HCHO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{CHO}_2^-$ | | $1,8 \times 10^{-5}$ | HClO ₃ H ₂ SO ₄ |
| Ácido láctico | $\text{HC}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_3^-$ | | $1,38 \times 10^{-7}$ | Bases Fuertes |
| Ácido benzoico | $\text{HC}_7\text{H}_5\text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_7\text{H}_5\text{O}_2^-$ | | $6,5 \times 10^{-5}$ | $pOH = - \log (n [\text{M(OH)}_n])$ |
| Ácido acético | $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2^-$ | | $1,8 \times 10^{-5}$ | NaOH Ca(OH) ₂ |
| Ácido butírico | $\text{HC}_4\text{H}_7\text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_4\text{H}_7\text{O}_2^-$ | | $1,5 \times 10^{-5}$ | KOH Ba(OH) ₂ |
| Ácido nicotínico | $\text{HC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}_2^-$ | | $1,4 \times 10^{-5}$ | Disociación |
| Ácido propiónico | $\text{HC}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_3\text{H}_5\text{O}_2^-$ | | $1,4 \times 10^{-5}$ | $D_{\%} = \frac{x}{c} \times 100\%$ |
| Ácido barbitúrico | $\text{HC}_4\text{H}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_4\text{H}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^-$ | | $1,0 \times 10^{-7}$ | D% = Grado de Disociación |
| Veronal* | $\text{HC}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_8\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^-$ | | $3,7 \times 10^{-8}$ | Porcentaje de disociación |
| Ácido hipocloroso | $\text{HOCl} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{OCl}^-$ | | $3,1 \times 10^{-8}$ | En sales: % de hidrólisis |
| Ácido cianohídrico | $\text{HCN} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{CN}^-$ | | $4,9 \times 10^{-10}$ | x = Moles disociados |
| Base débil | Ionización | | Kb | c = Moles iniciales |
| Dietilamina | $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons (\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{NH}_2^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $9,6 \times 10^{-4}$ | Constante de Hidrólisis |
| Metilamina | $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $3,7 \times 10^{-4}$ | $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Acido Fuerte} \\ \text{Base Debil} \end{array} \right\} K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a}$ |
| Amoniaco | $\text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{NH}_4^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $1,8 \times 10^{-5}$ | $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Acido Debil} \\ \text{Base Fuerte} \end{array} \right\} K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a}$ |
| Hidracina | $\text{N}_2\text{H}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{N}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $1,7 \times 10^{-6}$ | $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Acido Debil} \\ \text{Base Debil} \end{array} \right\} K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a}$ |
| Hidroxilamina | $\text{NH}_2\text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{NH}_3\text{OH}^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $1,1 \times 10^{-8}$ | $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Acido Debil} \\ \text{Base Debil} \end{array} \right\} K_b = \frac{K_w}{K_a}$ |
| Piridina | $\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{NH}^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $1,7 \times 10^{-9}$ | |
| Anilina | $\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{NH}_3^+ + \text{OH}^-$ | | $3,8 \times 10^{-10}$ | |

* (ácido dietilbarbitúrico)